

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/074,782	02/13/2002	Peter DeChant	VAL6131P0511US(WP 7191 1646)		
32116 75	7590 01/30/2004		EXAMINER		
,	LIPS, KATZ, CLARK	SRIVASTAVA, KAILASH C			
500 W. MADISON STREET SUITE 3800			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
CHICAGO, IL 60661			1651		

DATE MAILED: 01/30/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>		Application	No.	Applicant(s)
	,	10/074,782		DECHANT ET AL.
Office Action Summary		Examiner	:	Art Unit
,	•	Dr. Kailash	C. Srivastava	1651
	Th MAILING DATE of this commu	inication appears on the c	over sheet with the c	orrespondence address
Period fo			EVOIDE A MANUTUÁ	C)
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUIT nisions of time may be available under the provision SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this contribution of period for reply specified above is less than thirty operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum reto reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION. ns of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event numeration. (30) days, a reply within the statuto statutory period will apply and will encly will, by statute, cause the applicas after the mailing date of this commendation.	however, may a reply be tim ry minimum of thirty (30) days xpire SIX (6) MONTHS from tition to become ABANDONEI	vely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1)	Responsive to communication(s) fi	led on 03 November 200	13	
/—	•	2b) ☐ This action is non		
3)	Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the practice.	n for allowance except fo	r formal matters, pro	
Dispositi	ion f Claims		·	
•	Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are pending in the	application		
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-22 and</u> Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>23-35</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restr			
,-	ion Papers		,	
9)[The specification is objected to by t	he Examiner.		,
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/ar	e: a) accepted or b)	objected to by the E	Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any ob	jection to the drawing(s) be	held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	•		
11)[]	The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner. Note	the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		•	
* S 13)	Acknowledgment is made of a clai All b) Some * c) None of Certified copies of the priorit Certified copies of the priorit Copies of the certified copie application from the Internat See the attached detailed Office act Acknowledgment is made of a claim ince a specific reference was includ 7 CFR 1.78. The translation of the foreign is	y documents have been by documents have been by documents have been sof the priority document ional Bureau (PCT Rule ion for a list of the certification for a list of the certification for the first sentence canguage provisional applications.	received. received in Application ts have been received 17.2(a)). and copies not received ler 35 U.S.C. § 119(a) of the specification or ication has been rec	on No ed in this National Stage ed. e) (to a provisional application) in an Application Data Sheet. eived.
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim eference was included in the first se			
Attachmen	nt(s)			
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)	(PTO-948) 5		(PTO-413) Paper No(s) · ratent Application (PTO-152)

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Applicants' amendment filed 11/03/2003 is acknowledged and entered. The text of those sections of Title 35 U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claims 1-36 are pending.
- 3. Newly submitted claim 36 directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: Said Claim is drawn to a method and is distinct from others because it teaches a method to manage mosquito larvicidal resistance via applying a composition comprising a mixture of *Bacillus sphaericus and Bacillus thuringiensis* subspecies *israelensis*. This invention was originally presented and is a non-elected invention (see Office Action dated October 20, 2002).

Since applicants have received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claim 36 as well as claims 1-22 are withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03. Examiner suggests that the non-elected claims be canceled in response to this Office action to expedite prosecution.

Objection to Priority

4. Upon further review and consideration Claims 32-34 are granted benefit of priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) according to the filing date of provisional application 60/269,513 filed 02/16/2001.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 112

5. Claims 23-34 and newly presented Claim 35 that is also drawn to a composition comprising a mixture of *Bacillus thuringiensis* subspecies *israelensis* and *Bacillus sphaericus* stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first and second paragraphs.

In response to this rejection applicants argue that a biological deposit for applicants' isolated Bacillus thuringiensis var. israelensis and Bacillus sphaericus organisms is not required because said microorganisms are wild-type, isolated and biologically pure strains as available to the public under certain trademarks, i.e., VETROBAC, VECTOLEX and SPERIMOS. All are commercial formulations available from Valent Biosciences Corp. However, the relationship between a trademark and the product it identifies is sometimes indefinite, uncertain and arbitrary. The formula or characteristics of the product may change from time to time and yet it may continue to be sold under the same trademark. In patent specifications, every element or ingredient of the product should be set forth in positive, exact, intelligible language, so that there will be no uncertainty as to what is meant. Arbitrary trademarks that are liable to mean different things at the pleasure of manufacturers do not constitute such language. Ex Parte Kattwinkle, 12 USPO 11 (Bd. Apps. 1931). Furthermore, "To describe physical or other properties of material by mere use of trademark is objectionable since it has tendency to make trademark descriptive of product rather than leaving trademark to serve its traditional purpose which is to identify product's source of origin". The issue involved the use of the Trademark Hypalon in the claims that Appellants have argued to be within the guidelines of M.P.E.P. 608.01 (v) if the meaning of the trademark is well known and satisfactorily defined in the literature. Copies of articles were submitted. No rejection was made based on first paragraph of 35 USC 112 which was correct

but the rejection was on second paragraph which was considered to be correct by the board. "A patent applicant has an obligation that is imposed by 35 USC 112, second paragraph, to employ claim terminology which is definitive of what the public is not free to use, and use of a trademark in the manner employed by appellant has resulted in claims which fail to meet this obligation in our opinion. see *Ex parte Simpson and Roberts* 218 USPQ 1020.

Applicants arguments are fully considered, however, these are not persuasive for the reasons recited *supra*.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

6. Claims 23-35 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 (a) as obvious over Rheaume et al. (U.S. Patent 5,560,909) in view of Meadows et al (U.S. Patent 5,501,852) for reasons set forth in the Office Action mailed 03/11/2003 and additional reasons discussed below.

In response to the rejections cited *supra* applicants argue that the claimed invention is unobvious over the cited reference, because the cited reference do not disclose or suggest, or provide motivation to arrive at the presently claimed invention because the instantly claimed invention is on the unexpected discovery that the combination of both *Bacillus thuringiensis* subspecies *israelensis* and *Bacillus sphaericus* is effective in controlling dipteran larvae and inhibiting larvicidal resistance to known pesticides. This argument is not deemed to be persuasive because the claims are not commensurate in scope with this unexpected result.

In response to applicants' arguments against the references individually, one cannot show non-obviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on

combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Applicants arguments are fully considered, however, these are not persuasive for the reasons recited *supra*.

CONCLUSION

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

- 8. No Claims are allowed.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Kailash C. Srivastava whose telephone number is (571) 272-0923. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday from 7:30 A.M. to 6:00 P.M. (Eastern Standard or Daylight Savings Time).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Wityshyn, can be reached on (571) 272-0926 Monday through Thursday.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703)-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Kailash C. Srivastava, Ph.D.

Patent Examiner Art Unit <u>1651</u> (571) 272-0923

January 28, 2004

Jon P. Weber, Ph.D. Primary Examiner